9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES Blackmar, Frank W., compiler, Kansas, A Cyclopedia of State History (Chicago Standard Publishing Co., 1912), v. 2, pp. 611-613. La Crosse Chieftain, July 12, 1888--May 30, 1889. Rush County News (La Crosse), Kansas Centennial Edition, 1961. Rush County News (La Crosse), May 19, 1949. Schwartzkopf, Calvin F., "The Rush County Seat War," Kansas Historical Quarterly, v. 36, no. 1 (Spring, 1970), pp. 40-61. $\hat{\beta}_{i}^{2}\hat{\beta}_{i}\hat{\omega}_{i}^{2}\hat{\omega}_{i}$ 10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY. DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY LATITUDE LONGITUDE Degrees Minutes Seconds Seconds 31 48 99 18 40 ΝE SE APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: Two LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES CODE CODE COUNTY STATE: CODE STATE: CODE COUNTY: CODE CODE COUNTY: STATE: CODE COUNTY: CODE STATE: 11. FORM PREPARED BY NAME AND TITLE: Charles Hall. Architectural Consultant Richard Pankratz, Planner

Ì	ORGANIZATION	DATE
	Kansas State Historical	Society April 30, 1971
	STREET AND NUMBER:	
	120 West Tenth Street	
٠	CITY OR TOWN:	STATE
	Topeka	Kansas 66612 20
12	STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION	NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION
-		
	As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion	I hereby certify that this property is included in the
	in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended	
	level of significance of this nomination is: National State X Local	Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation
	Name Inde H. Miller	Date
	Title Executive Secretary, Kansas State Historical Society	Keeper of The National Register
	Date Nov. 30, 1971	、 Date

Kan. Cong. Dist. No. 1 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE COUNTY NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES Rush INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM FOR NPS USE ONLY ENTRY NUMBER DATE (Type all entries - complete applicable sections) 1. NAME Rush County Courthouse AND/OR HISTORIC: - Property and the second 2. LOCATION STREET AND NUMBER: 715 Elm Street CITY OR TOWN: La Crosse STATE COUNTY: CODE CODE 165 Kansas 67548 20 Rush 3. CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY ACCESSIBLE OWNERSHIP STATUS TO THE PUBLIC (Check One) ☑ Public Public Acquisition: Occupied District XX Building X Restricted Private In Process ☐ Unoccupied Structure Unrestricted ☐ Both ☐ Being Considered Object Preservation work ☐ No in progress PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate) Park X Government Comments Agricultural Transportation Commercial Industrial Private Residence Other (Specify) ☐ Educational Military Religious Entertainment Museum Scientific OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME Rush County Rush County Courthouse CITY OR TOWN: CODE La Crosse 20 Kansas 67548 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Register of Deeds STREET AND NUMBER: Rush County Courthouse CITY OR TOWN: CODE La Crosse Kansas 67548 20 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: NONE County DATE OF SURVEY: Federal State [] Local DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS: STREET AND NUMBER:

CODE

Keith Sebelius

m

Z

S

20

 \Box

 \circ

Z

S

Z

0

 \Rightarrow

ш

LL.

CITY OR TOWN:

(July 1969)

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES Blackmar, Frank W., compiler, Kansas, A Cyclopedia of State History (Chicago Standard Publishing Co., 1912), v. 2, pp. 611-613. La Crosse Chieftain, July 12, 1888--May 30, 1889. Rush County News (La Crosse), Kansas Centennial Edition, 1961. Rush County News (La Crosse), May 19, 1949. Schwartzkopf, Calvin F., "The Rush County Seat War," Kansas Historical Quarterly, v. 36, no. 1 (Spring, 1970), pp. 40-61. الأكبع أأذاصك وومويوا الاناف والوازان أساكا 10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES L'ATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES LATITUDÉ LONGITUDE Degrees Minutes Seconds 31 48 99 18 40 ΝE SE APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: Two LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES m CODE CODE COUNTY STATE: CODE CODE COUNTY: STATE: CODE COUNTY: STATE: CODE COUNTY STATE: II. FORM PREPARED BY NAME AND TITLE: Charles Hall, Architectural Consultant Richard Pankratz, Planner DATE ORGANIZATION April 30, 1971 Kansas State Historical Society STREET AND NUMBER 120 West Tenth Street CODE STATE CITY OR TOWN: .20 Kansas 66612 Topeka NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION 12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION As the designated State Liaison Officer for the Na-I hereby certify that this property is included in the tional Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law National Register. 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion

in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation level of significance of this nomination is: State 💢 Local 🗍 National ATTEST: Title Executive Secretary, Kansas State Historical Society Keeper of The National Register Date Nov. 30, 1971

Kan. Cong. Dist. No. 1 Keith Sebelius UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR (July 1969) COUNTY NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES Rush INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM FOR NPS USE ONLY ENTRY NUMBER DATE (Type all entries - complete applicable sections) I. NAME Rush County Courthouse AND/OR HISTORIC: 2. LOCATION STREET AND NUMBER: 715 Elm Street CITY OR TOWN: La Crosse STATE COUNTY: CODE CODE 165 Kansas 67548 20 Rush 3. CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY ACCESSIBLE STATUS OWNERSHIP TO THE PUBLIC (Check One) ☑ Public Public Acquisition: Occupied District XX Building X Restricted Private In Process Unoccupied Structure Unrestricted ☐ Both ☐ Being Considered Object Preservation work ☐ No in progress PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate) ☐ Park X Government Comments Agricultural Transportation Industrial Private Residence Other (Specify) Commercial Military Religious ☐ Educational ☐ Entertainment Museum Scientific OWNER OF PROPERTY Rush County Rush County Courthouse CITY OR TOWN: CODE La Crosse 20 Kansas 67548 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Register of Deeds STREET AND NUMBER: Rush County Courthouse CITY OR TOWN: CODE La Crosse Kansas 67548 20 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS TITLE OF SURVEY: NONE DATE OF SURVEY: Federal [County [] Local DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS: STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: CODE

0

ш

Z

S

70

 \cap

O

Z

	DESCRIPTION		
		(Chec	k One)
1	CONDITION	☐ Excellent ☑ Good ☐ Fair ☐ Deteriorated ☐ Ruins ☐ Unexposed	
	COMPITION	(Check One)	(Check One)
Ĺ		X Altered Unaltered	☐ Moved

The Rush County Courthouse at La Crosse is constructed of reddish-brown face brick laid in common bond. A four foot high water table of rough hewn native limestone provides a base for the brick structure and defines the basement. The building is two stories in height with a full basement and is generally rectangular in plan. Towers at the northeast and southeast corners protrude from the rectangular plan. The southeast tower is semicircular and extends to the south of the main wall. This tower terminates at the building roof line. The northeast tower is square and extends north and east of the wall lines. This tower protrudes above the roof line and while now flat on top, originally was taller with a steep hip roof. Arched openings and recessed circular decorations are located in the top of the tower. The main entrance was emphasized by projecting it several feet from the building front and extending it above the roof line. The entrance terminates in a gable roof. The courthouse has a hip roof with two ridge heights. The southeast tower has a steep cone-shaped roof terminating with an ornamental spire. All the roof forms are shingle covered. Stone stairs rise to the main entrance which is framed by a semicircular ornamental stone arch. Windows on the entrance wall and on the second floor of the northeast tower are wide and multi-paneled with semicircular stone arched heads. Windows on the first and second floors are rectangular with stone sills and lintels. The lintels are integrated with a stone belt: line running around the building.

A number of exterior alterations have been made in addition to the partial removal of the northeast tower. Originally the roof was covered with tin shingles while the present shingles are of asbestos. Aluminum frame doors have been installed at the main entry ways.

Z 0 ----O \Rightarrow œ -Z ш لنا

Z

Z

SIGNIFICANCE
PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (It Applicable and Known) 1888-1889
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)
Aboriginal Education XI Political Urban Planning Prehistoric Engineering Religion/Phi Other (Specify) Historic Industry lasophy
Agriculture Invention Science
Art Architecture Social/Human-
Communications Military Theater
Conservation Music Transportation

The construction of the Rush County Courthouse at La Crosse in 1888-1889 in effect ended what had been Kansas' longest county seat war. Several western Kansas counties experienced conflicts over the selection of a county seat, but few lasted as long as ten years. Outside of occasional fisticuffs, the war in Rush county was fought in the courts and in the press of the two rival towns, La Crosse and Walnut City (now Rush Center).

Walnut City had been designated temporary county seat by the governor when the county was organized in 1874. An election in 1877 resulted in the county seat being moved to La Crosse, but another vote in 1878 returned it to Walnut City. The next election on the county seat issue, which was won by La Crosse, was held August 23, 1887. In the intervening years the county seat was at Walnut City until the Kansas Supreme Court ordered it back to La Crosse in 1882. There it remained until February 29, 1888, when county officials moved to Walnut City in compliance with a court order issued on the basis of the 1878 election. However, on March 10, 1888, a band of armed men from La Crosse seized the county records and removed them to La Crosse. A court order was finally issued on the basis of the 1887 election requiring county officials and county records to be located in La Crosse. Walnut City partisans didn't give up the legal maneuvering, but their efforts were futile as the Kansas legislature in February, 1889, enacted a law legitimizing the 1887 election locating the county seat at La Crosse.

A special bond election was held July 10, 1888, and by a margin of 801 to 453 Rush countians approved a bond issue of \$20,000 to build a courthouse. One of the successful arguments used in the election campaign by La Crosse supporters was that the construction of a courthouse would effectively stop the "courthouse on wheels" incidents which had been an expense and irritation to other Rush countians. After the election the county commissioners made a contract with George W. Shaffer of Abilene to draw up plans for the new courthouse. However, shortly thereafter the commissioners reconsidered and hired L. L. Levering to prepare the plans.

The contract for construction was let on September 3, 1888, to William T. Heaps for \$17,950, and work began two days later. George W. Shaffer was made superintendent of construction. Reportedly the plans were poorly drawn and caused almost as many problems as the

Form 10-300a (Dec. 1968)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Continuation Sheet)

entries)

Kansas COUNTY RUSh FOR NPS USE ONLY ENTRY NUMBER DATE

			ω
completed until autumn	the spring of 1889 although landscaping and sidewalks weren't	In spite of the delays the building was practically finished by	acrimonious relations among the commissioners, Shaffer, and Heaps.
ıtil autumr	of 1889 alt	the delays	relations
:	hough	the k	among
	Lands	build:	the o
	scaping	ing was	commiss:
	and s	pract	ioners
	idewalks w	ically fin	, Shaffer,
	eren'	ished	and
	ct.	γď	Heaps.

The open setting of the Rush County Courthouse and its Romanesque characteristics make it one of the most interesting and attractive small town courthouses in the state. Additionally it is historically longest county seat war. important because its construction was the culmination of Kansas'